Gifted and Talented Identification

Parent Handbook

Moffat Consolidated School District #2
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Preface

Like any field, the field of gifted and talented is always growing and changing with new discoveries and insights into the identification and education of gifted children. The following Identification Handbook is meant to be a living document for growth and change over time as new research refines strategies, and active use of forms shows better processes and communications. Its purpose is to assist with bringing consistency in identification practices across the district.

Rationale

The Exceptional Children’s Education Act (ECEA) requires all administrative units (AUs) in Colorado to identify and serve students between the ages of four and twenty-one, and age four in administrative units with Early Access, whose aptitude or competence in abilities, talents, and potential for accomplishment in one or more domains are so exceptional or developmentally advanced that they require special provisions to meet their educational programming needs. Administrative units include: school districts, Charter School Institute (CSI), multi-district administrative units and Boards of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES).

Definition

"Gifted and talented children" mean those persons between the ages of four and twenty-one whose abilities, talents, and potential for accomplishment are so exceptional or developmentally advanced that they require special provisions to meet their educational programming needs. Children under five who are gifted may also be provided with early childhood special educational services.

Gifted children represent all cultural, ethnic, linguistic and socioeconomic backgrounds and may demonstrate both gifts and disabilities. Gifted students include gifted students with disabilities (i.e. twice-exceptional) and students with exceptional abilities or potential from all socioeconomic and ethnic, cultural populations. Gifted students are capable of high performance, exceptional production, or exceptional learning behavior by virtue of any or a combination of these areas of giftedness:

- General or Specific Cognitive Ability
- Specific Academic Aptitude
- Creative Ability
- Leadership Ability
- Specific Talent Aptitude
TYPES OF GIFTED

ECEA Rules, revised in 2015, specify the areas for gifted identification in Colorado. A student may be identified in one or more of these domains:

**General or Specific Cognitive Ability**
Intellectual ability is exceptional capability or potential recognized through cognitive processes (e.g., memory, reasoning, rate of learning, spatial reasoning, ability to find and solve problems, ability to manipulate abstract ideas and make connections).

**Specific Academic Aptitude**
Specific academic aptitude is exceptional capability or potential in an academic content area(s) (e.g., a strong knowledge base or the ability to ask insightful, pertinent questions within the discipline). All academic areas should be considered.

**Specific Talent Aptitude in Visual Arts, Performing Arts, Musical, Dance or Psychomotor Abilities**
Visual arts, performing arts, musical, dance or psychomotor abilities are exceptional capabilities or potential in talent areas (e.g., art, drama, music, dance, body awareness, coordination, and physical skills).

**Creative Ability**
Creative or productive thinking is exceptional capability or potential in mental processes (e.g., critical thinking, creative problem solving, humor, independent/original thinking, and/or products).

**Leadership Ability**
Leadership is the exceptional capability or potential to influence and empower people (e.g., social perceptiveness, visionary ability, communication skills, problem solving, inter-/intra-personal skills, and a sense of responsibility).
General Procedures for Identification

District procedures have been established using a multiple criteria assessment approach. This means that many sources of information are reviewed over a period of time before formally identifying a student as gifted/talented in one or more areas. Students who demonstrate certain markers, but not enough body of evidence will be placed on talent pool list. They may receive intervention services and support as available, but will not be formally identified unless a sufficient body of evidence is established.

STUDENT SEARCH

Screening
Standardized test scores for all students are screened for evidence of exceptionally high levels of performance on achievement tests. All second grade students take the CogAT in the spring. This process along with nominations yields a list of nominees based on 85% score or above, from which GT teachers will begin the GATHERING BODY OF EVIDENCE process.

NOMINATION/REFERRAL
The initial stage of identification consists of a call for nominations, generally in the spring; along with GT characteristic information shared with all stakeholders, but can be done at any time and grade level. Parents, teachers, counselors, community members and students are invited to submit the names of students they view as potentially gifted or talented using characteristic sheets available. They are asked to indicate what they believe to be the student’s particular strength area(s). Information is published about this process in both English and Spanish. Efforts will be made to increase understanding of giftedness throughout the community to enhance the effectiveness and scope of this process. Giftedness exists within all sub-groups of the population, and continuous attempts to refine the process in the Moffat 2 School District will be made so that children identified as gifted reflect the diversity of the local community in terms of gender, ethnicity, and socioeconomic status. The goal is for every parent and teacher to have opportunities to nominate students for GT services if they see the need.

COLLECT BODY OF EVIDENCE
The next stage in the identification process is to secure additional information that will aid in determining the youth’s talents or giftedness and his or her programming needs. Appropriate data must be gathered in the following four categories: Intellectual Ability, Achievement, Behaviors/Characteristics, and Demonstrated Performance. All information collected is confidential and will be placed on a Student Profile Sheet on the Advanced Learning Plan.
REVIEW BODY OF EVIDENCE
A student’s body of evidence should be reviewed by a team (min. of 3 people) trained in ID protocols for each nominee based on the suspected area(s) of exceptionality. Some students do not perform well on standardized tests but may show evidence of exceptional ability in other ways. This is often true for those who are Twice- Exceptional (both gifted and learning disabled), second language learners, and children from low income backgrounds. In these cases, team judgment is necessary and further evidence may need to be gathered. Students are not denied services or identified on the basis of performance on any single score or instrument. Rather, those evaluating the data are looking for sufficient evidence of exceptional talent or ability to warrant special programming or services. This review is an ongoing process, and a student is not formally identified until a sufficient body of evidence is collected. Gifted identification recognizes and delineates exceptional strengths and potential in learners so that appropriate instructional accommodations and modifications can be provided.

IDENTIFICATION PROCESS
A student is formally identified as gifted/talented when data collected over a period of time suggests that he/she matches the definition of a “gifted child”, and the following questions are answered in the affirmative:

- Is the student’s skill level/ability much above that of peers the same age?
- Does the student require intense or sustained resources, adaptations, or acceleration beyond those generally available in the regular classroom setting in order to demonstrate continued progress commensurate with his/her ability?
- Does the information available from multiple sources of data indicate the presence of giftedness as defined by state and district guidelines?
- If students meet the district criteria according to the review team, the student’s name and profile sheet is sent electronically to the district Gifted and Talented Coordinator for final review and to be added to the district database.
- The team may also decide that a student does not qualify, or that enough information is not available to make an informed decision. In the latter case, the student is placed on a “Talent Pool” list and reviewed again the following year as more information becomes available. Their profile sheet should go into the cumulative file. When doubt or uncertainty exists, continue collecting data as student is monitored in the Talent Pool activities. The GT teacher will send a letter to go home to the parents communicating the results of the identification process.

PROGRAMMING MATCH
Approximately 3-5% of the student population is formally identified as gifted/talented in any given strength area, though many additional students may participate in programs for advanced learners. Student data is used to match students to appropriate programming. Services for all identified students seek to ensure that they continue to make growth commensurate with their ability in their strength areas, and to perform at advanced and distinguished levels. Programming match is set in the student’s Advanced Learning Plan and may include advanced and/or interdisciplinary classes, curriculum compacting in the regular classroom, and differentiated instructional techniques, or other targeted services. Services may also include content area or grade level acceleration, rapid pacing through the curriculum, mentoring, and affective (counseling) support services. Staff, parent, student and community all share responsibility for encouraging and supporting the student’s continued growth in his/her identified strength areas.
DEVELOP ADVANCED LEARNING PLANS

The State of Colorado mandated that all identified gifted and talented (GT) students shall have an Advanced Learning Plan (ALP). These plans are to be reviewed and updated annually. Each newly identified gifted and talented student in Moffat 2 School District will have an ALP written for him/her within 45 school days. Each plan consists of at least one strength-based goal for each identified area of giftedness, an affective goal, a parent support goal, accommodations, and service structures. Plans are developed in conjunction with school personnel, the student, and family.

- ALPs are written within 45 school days of a new identification, or within the first trimester of school for returning GT students. Teachers, Parents and Students are invited to participate in creation of personal goals and achievement goals with support of the GT staff.

- Plans are one to three year plans with an annual review and update. Each goal will be re-written each year to accommodate for the changing needs of students and changing schedules at each building.

- Students are asked to contribute to their plans.

- Plans are written and stored in Alpine Achievement. Copies are available to school personnel electronically and paper or electronic copies can be sent home with students.

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A gifted identification assessment should include the following components:

**Referrals**
- Multiple sources
- Multiple types
- Multiple times

**Body of Evidence**
- Quantitative and qualitative data
- Additional supporting information

**Review Team**
- Team of educators
- 1 member trained in gifted education

Determination aligns with state criteria

- Talent Pool Determination
- No Gifted Determination

**Gifted Determination**

**Communication Procedure**
- Letter to parent
- Record in student file
- Inform all teachers

**Develop ALP**

*Parent, Student, Teacher/s, GT Coordinator*
Portability

The Exceptional Children’s Education Act (ECEA) requires that a student who moves from one district in Colorado to another district in the state retains his/her gifted identification. This concept is referred to as “portability.”

Portability means that a student’s identification in one or more categories of giftedness transfers to any district in the state. Gifted programming must continue according to the receiving district’s programming options. Portability of identification is a part of the student’s permanent record and Advanced Learning Plan. AUGifted Directors/Coordinators may be found on the CDE Gifted Education website.

Although rules require portability, districts have the autonomy to select the specific instruments and procedures that will be utilized for gifted identification. These assessment tools may vary across districts but the criteria do not vary. If the receiving district’s gifted review team determines that the previous district identified the student using criteria not aligned to state guidelines, the rule for portability does not apply. If this is the case, it is the responsibility of the receiving district to consult with the former district, parents and students to re-evaluate the identification determination.

The rule for portability does not apply to students moving into Colorado from another state. However, the receiving school should review the student’s records for evidence of giftedness, and then determine whether additional assessment is necessary to confirm if the student meets Colorado criteria for gifted identification. Districts should also be aware of the parameters within the Military Compact Agreement for identified gifted students moving to Colorado as a result of a military transfer. The Compact states: The receiving state school shall initially honor placement of the student in educational programs based on current educational assessments conducted at the school in the sending state or participation/placement in like programs in the sending state. Such programs include, but are not limited to: 1) gifted and talented programs; and 2) English as a second language (ESL). This does not preclude the school in the receiving state from performing subsequent evaluations to ensure appropriate placement of the student.
Collection of data for a body of evidence (BOE) includes, but is not limited to assessment results from multiple sources and multiple types of data (i.e., qualitative and quantitative data about achievement, cognitive ability, performance, parent and teacher input, motivation and observations of gifted characteristics/behaviors). The body of evidence contains data to identify the strength area(s) according to the definition of gifted children, and also determines appropriate programming services. A body of evidence may consist of the following assessments:

### Qualifying Data
- Norm-referenced test
- Criterion-referenced test
- Norm-referenced observation scale
- Performance evaluation

### Additional Data
- Anecdotal records
- Interview
- Observation
- Checklist

**Cognitive Tests**

Cognitive tests are designed to measure a student’s general intellectual ability. Such tests do not measure specific academic aptitude in various content areas such as reading or math. Many general intelligence tests and checklists include items that assess both fluid reasoning, such as analogies, block designs, and pattern arrangements, and crystalized abilities, such as mathematics problems, vocabulary, and comprehension of reading passages (Johnsen, 2004).

**Creativity Tests**

Assessment data from standardized, norm-referenced creativity tests are used to determine if a student demonstrates gifted ability in the area of creativity. Creative aptitude is demonstrated by a student scoring 95th percentile or above on norm-referenced creativity tests (e.g., Torrance Tests of Creative Thinking [TTCT], Profile of Creative Abilities [PCA]). Some students who do not achieve qualifying scores on cognitive or achievement tests may still demonstrate many characteristics of giftedness. Many gifted traits and behaviors are evidence of the high level of creativity typical of many gifted students.

**Achievement Tests**

Assessment data from standardized, criterion- and norm-referenced tests are utilized to determine if a student demonstrates gifted ability in a specific academic area. Specific academic aptitude areas
include reading, writing, math, science, social studies, and world language. Specific talent aptitude areas include visual arts, performing arts, music and dance. Specific academic and talent aptitude is demonstrated by a student scoring at the advanced/distinguished level on criterion-referenced assessments and/or 95th percentile or above on norm-referenced achievement tests. Districts may use alternative achievement tests to determine advanced academic competence.

**Behavior Observation Scales**

Gifted students often demonstrate characteristics that lead to a referral for the gifted identification process. Through the use of these scales, educators and parents can identify outstanding talent by observing students in one or more settings that enable them to display their abilities. Characteristics such as leadership, motivation, memory, reasoning, creativity and sense of humor become a focus rather than academic aptitude measured by many of the more traditional tests students encounter in school. Norm-referenced observation scales are used as qualifying data for gifted identification. These scales are a valid and reliable way for educators and parents to evaluate gifted behavior characteristics.

**Performance Evaluation**

Gifted ability is often not measured on a specific assessment, but rather demonstrated through some type of performance. Identifying a student with exceptional abilities in a content area or a talent area such as art, music, dance, psychomotor, creativity or leadership requires an evaluation of performance. There are many types of performance data that might be utilized to develop a body of evidence. These may include:

- **Juried Performance**: Students often participate in events within school or outside of school that are judged and evaluated. Students receive some type of rating based on their performance. Data from a valid and reliable juried performance may be considered as qualifying evidence if the jury consists of a team of experts in their field. An example of such a performance would be a student selected for a statewide choral group or debate team.

- **Contest/Competition**: Many contests and competitions are available to students within school or outside of school. Top placement in a regional, state or national competition may be considered as a qualifying measurement for gifted identification. An example of such a performance would be a student finishing first in a state science fair or Future Business Leaders of America (FBLA) categorical competition.

- **Portfolio**: Over time, some students develop a portfolio of work that might be evaluated by a team of experts in the field. The advanced/distinguished rating of a portfolio may be considered as qualifying evidence for gifted identification. A valid and reliable rubric is used in the evaluation of a portfolio to ensure consistency and equal opportunity. An example would be a collection of a student’s art work throughout elementary school and the portfolio being evaluated by a committee of district art teachers and local artists.

- **Classroom Performance**: Classroom teachers are often critical in providing qualitative data about a student’s performance within the classroom. As the curriculum experts, teachers can identify those students working above their same-age peers. Advanced classroom performance must be measured through examples of above grade-level work. Earning an “A” in a class does not necessarily indicate exceptional performance. Grades lack standardization and are influenced significantly by students' motivation, classroom behavior, personal appearance, and study habits.
The program plan shall describe the assessment process used by the AU for identifying students who meet the definition specified in ECEA, section 12.01(16) and for identifying the educational needs of gifted students.

The assessment process shall recognize a student’s exceptional abilities or potential, interests, and needs in order to guide student instruction and individualized planning and programming. In traditionally underrepresented student groups and visual/performing arts student groups or talent pools, identification may require the collection of student information over time, using additional data points from a response to intervention approach.

**Not meeting criteria on a single assessment tool shall not prevent further data collection or consideration for gifted identification, if other indicators suggest exceptional potential as observed in a body of evidence.**

All qualifying data points in a body of evidence must be regarded equally. Placing greater emphasis on a specific test or awarding more points to a test score above a specific percentile is not considered an ethical practice in gifted identification. This practice is often referred to as a “weighted matrix.” This creates an opportunity for unintentional bias and is unfavorable in culturally different students (Ford, 2013). Additionally, this could be a violation of a student’s civil rights. No one assessment or source of information should carry more weight than another (Johnsen, 2004).

Once a student has been identified, programming continues through graduation. Instead of eliminating gifted students who underachieve from gifted programming, efforts should be made to target the source(s) of the students’ underachievement and develop individualized interventions based on this information (Rubenstein, et al., 2012).
Area of Giftedness: General Intellectual Ability

Students may qualify in the area of general intellectual ability with a score of 95th percentile or above on one or more batteries of a cognitive test. The determination team must collect and review additional data for the body of evidence to develop the student’s learning profile. A gifted determination based solely on a cognitive assessment score, without any other qualifying data, is the exception. A review team should use their professional judgment to determine if identification is appropriate by examining supplemental or non-traditional information collected through interviews, observations or performances beyond the academic content areas. Students from underrepresented populations may not demonstrate gifted abilities through the use of traditional assessment data. When only cognitive ability assessment data meets criteria in a body of evidence (95th percentile or above), the review team may determine that the student is identified with general or specific intellectual ability. This meets portability requirements.
Area of Giftedness: Specific Academic Aptitude (with Cognitive)

Content areas for specific academic aptitude include: reading, writing, math, science, social studies and world language. **Two pathways may lead to identification in the area of specific academic aptitude.**

First, a student may score 95\(^{th}\) percentile or above on one or more batteries of a cognitive test and demonstrate aptitude on two specific academic measures.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cognitive Test 95(^{th}) percentile or above on one or more batteries and</th>
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<tr>
<td>...two measures from any area or combination of areas below</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Criterion- or Norm-referenced Achievement Test</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Advanced/Distinguished State Assessment and/or</td>
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<tr>
<td>- 95th percentile or above on norm-referenced achievement test and/or</td>
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<tr>
<td>- 95th percentile or above on CDE Resource Bank or district bank of approved assessments for non-state tested standards</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Norm-Referenced Observation Scale</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>- 95th percentile or above on normed observation scale for specific content area</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Performance Evaluation</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>- State or national academic contest – top place or ranking and/or</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Expert juried performance (Advanced or Distinguished) and/or</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Teacher/Expert assessed portfolio review (Advanced / Distinguished/Above Grade Level)</td>
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Area of Giftedness: Specific Academic Aptitude (without Cognitive)

Content areas for specific academic aptitude include: reading, writing, math, science, social studies and world language. **Two pathways may lead to identification in the area of specific academic aptitude.**

Second, a student may **not** score 95th percentile or above on a cognitive assessment. However, a review team may determine a **comprehensive** body of evidence demonstrates gifted academic ability. Content specific measurement tools to meet criteria for identification should include at least **three** or more measures from **two** of the three areas below. When cognitive data does not meet gifted criteria, identification in a specific academic aptitude requires an examination of multiple data points and trends over time.

Three or more measures from two of the three areas below

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**Criterion- Norm-referenced Achievement Test**
- Advanced/Distinguished State Assessment and/or
- 95th percentile or above on norm-referenced achievement test and/or
- 95th percentile or above on CDE Resource Bank or district bank of approved assessments for non-state tested standards

**Norm-Referenced Observation Scale**
- 95th percentile or above on normed observation scale for specific content area

**Performance Evaluation**
- State or national academic contest – top place or ranking and/or
- Expert juried performance (Advanced or Distinguished) and/or
- Teacher/Expert assessed portfolio review (Advanced / Distinguished/Above Grade Level)

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**Specific Academic Aptitude**
**Reading, Writing, Math, Science, Social Studies, World Language**
Area of Giftedness: Specific Talent Aptitude

Identification in the talent domains requires the examination of a variety of instruments and multiple pathways that lead to identification. Talent domains include: visual arts, performing arts, music, dance, psychomotor, creativity and leadership. Often criterion- or norm-referenced assessments are not available in a talent area; therefore performance evaluation is an important component in the body of evidence. If data from a valid and reliable test are not available to demonstrate exceptional ability, two or more indicators in the performance area may be used to meet identification criteria along with an exceptional rating on a norm-referenced observation scale. Identification in area of psychomotor is designated for national-level athletes who require programming accommodations to address the number of school days that might be missed during training and/or competitions. Districts are not required to provide or financially support athletic coaching, training or competitions for students identified in this area.

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<tr>
<th>Performance Evaluation - and</th>
<th>Norm-Referenced Observation Scale - and</th>
<th>Criterion/Norm-Referenced Test*</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• State or national talent contest - top place or ranking and/or</td>
<td>• 95th percentile or above on norm-referenced observation scale in area of talent</td>
<td>• 95th percentile or above on norm-referenced creativity test and/or</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Expert juried performance (Advanced or Distinguished) and/or</td>
<td></td>
<td>• Advanced/95% or above on approved criterion-referenced specific talent test and/or</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Portfolio review (Advanced or Distinguished)</td>
<td></td>
<td>• 95th percentile or above on cognitive measure</td>
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*If criterion- or norm-referenced tests are not available, two performance evaluations are required along with observation scale.

Specific Talent Aptitude
Visual Arts, Performing Arts, Music, Dance, Psychomotor, Creativity, Leadership
**Additional Resources:**

The following resources may be helpful to facilitate understanding of the unique gifts and talents of the GT child.

**Colorado Department of Education (CDE)** This link within the larger Colorado Department of Education is provided to assist with questions that both educators and parents may have around working with gifted and talented students.

**12 Traits of Gifted:** [http://www.cde.state.co.us/gt/12traitsof-giftedness](http://www.cde.state.co.us/gt/12traitsof-giftedness)

**Video Top 10 Myths of Gifted:** [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MDJst-y_plI](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MDJst-y_plI)

**Colorado Association for Gifted and Talented (CAGT)** CAGT is a non-profit organization of parents, educators, and others interested in promoting suitable education, including creative stimulation, for gifted and talented children, while also seeking public recognition and aid for the special needs of these children.


**National Association for Gifted Children (NAGC)** NAGC is a non-profit organization of parents, teachers, educators, other professionals and community leaders who unite to address the unique needs of children and youth with demonstrated gifts and talents as well as those children who may be able to develop their talent potential with appropriate educational experiences.


**The National Research Center on the Gifted and Talented (NRCG/T)** NRCG/T promotes and publishes research on current and emerging issues in the education of gifted and talented students.

[http://www.gifted.uconn.edu/nrcgt.html](http://www.gifted.uconn.edu/nrcgt.html)

**Gifted Child Monthly** This is an on-line newsletter for parents and teachers of gifted and talented children.

[https://giftedchildren.com/](https://giftedchildren.com/)

**Hoagie’s Kids and Teens** Links to contests and awards, hot topics, internet investigations, lists of movies with gifted kids as the leading characters, and much, much more!

[http://www.hoagiesgifted.org](http://www.hoagiesgifted.org)

**GT World** This site offers an on-line support for parents

[http://gtworld.org](http://gtworld.org)

**Pre-K Smarties** Information in raising gifted infants and preschoolers.

[http://preksmarties.com/gifted.htm](http://preksmarties.com/gifted.htm)

**SENG (Social Emotional Needs of Gifted)** SENG is dedicated to fostering the social emotional needs of gifted adults and children. At this site, current articles and conference information are available that serve to support social and emotional issues that affect the gifted population.


**Twice Exceptional Newsletter** This site has articles, resources, events and book recommendations for families with twice exceptional children.

[http://2enewsletter.com](http://2enewsletter.com)

**Davidson Institute** is a national nonprofit organization dedicated to supporting profoundly gifted students 18 and under.

Questions and Answers

What is the purpose of the identification process in Moffat 2 School District?
The purpose of the identification process is to find students who match the definition of gifted and talented students and show potential for exceptionally high levels of academic achievement. The definition of gifted children is: “Gifted children” means those school-age children and youth “whose abilities, talents, and potential for accomplishments are so outstanding that they require special provisions to meet their educational needs.”

Gifted and talented students are capable of high performance, exceptional production, or exceptional learning behavior by virtue of any or a combination of the following:

- general or specific intellectual ability
- specific academic aptitude
- creative ability
- leadership and human relations abilities
- visual arts, performing arts, psychomotor or musical abilities

Gifted children represent all cultural, ethnic, linguistic and socioeconomic backgrounds and may demonstrate both gifts and disabilities.

How does the process begin?
Giftedness exists within all sub-groups of the population, and we make continuous attempts to see that students identified as gifted reflect the diversity of the local community in terms of gender, ethnicity, and socioeconomic status. Information regarding the nomination process is sent home with students or included in school newsletters. Student nominations are accepted from parents, teachers, peers, community members, and students. Any stakeholder has an opportunity to nominate students by completing and returning a nomination form that is available in the school office. Students may also be flagged for further consideration by state or district assessment scores 85% or above.

What happens once a student is nominated?
Nominated students are evaluated with multiple sources and tools to allow a child to reveal his/her exceptionalities or potential. A variety of assessment tools are used to collect information on a student whose background or talent area makes him/her unique from others. Information is collected with input from teachers, parents, or the learners themselves, and may include: 1) verbal, non-verbal or written tests such as group and individual tests of achievement (CSAP, NWEA), 2) group general ability tests (such as CogAT screener given in 2nd grade, and 6th) referrals, observations, and rating scales. This is all called a Body of Evidence.

Who sees and evaluates the information?
Information collected is confidential. A team of teachers trained in the identification of gifted students then meets to determine if the student qualifies for gifted educational services. The gifted identification process works to recognize exceptional strengths and potential in learners so that appropriate instructional accommodations and modifications can be provided. Qualifying students typically score two or more years above grade level in at least one academic area and demonstrate characteristics typical of gifted learners. They may also demonstrate precocious levels of performance in a strength area and/or have cognitive abilities within the superior range.

How are parents notified if their student does or does not qualify?
After a period of observation, testing, and data collection, a trained team of teachers will meet to review the data. After the review meeting they will send a letter to parents letting them know the results of the identification process. If parents have questions about this
¿Cómo comienza el proceso?
La dotación existe entre todos grupos secundarios de la población, y continuamos intentando que los estudiantes dotados se reflejen en la diversidad de la comunidad local en términos de género, etnicidad, y estado socioeconómico. Se envié información tocante el proceso de nominación a casa con los estudiantes o incluido la en los boletines escolares. Las nominaciones estudiantiles son aceptadas de parte de los padres, maestros, compañeros escolares, miembros comunitarios, y de estudiantes. Cualquier persona interesado tiene la oportunidad de nominar a un estudiante con llenar y regresar una forma de nominación, cuales están disponibles en las oficinas escolares. También pueden ser identificados los estudiantes para más consideración por medio de los índices del CSAP entre el 5% más alto del distrito y también con los índices de NWEA.

¿Qué pasa cuando un estudiante es nominado?
Los estudiantes nominados son evaluados con varios recursos para permitir que el estudiante pueda revelar sus modos excepcionales de potencial. Una variedad de herramientas de asesoramiento es usada para colectar la información de un estudiante el cual tiene origen o talento que lo/la hace único entre los demás. Se colecta información con la opinión de maestros, padres, o de ellos mismos, y puede incluir: 1) exámenes verbales, no-verbales o escritas tales como exámenes de habilidades individuales o de grupo (CSAP, NWEA ), 2) exámenes de habilidad general en grupo (como el CogAT que se da en el 2º grado, y 3) recomendaciones, observaciones, y índices. A esto se le llama Cuerpo de Evidencia.

¿Quién ve y evalúa la información?
La información colectada es confidencial. Luego un equipo de maestros entrenados en la identificación de estudiantes dotados se reúne para determinar si el estudiante califica para los servicios educacionales de dotados. El proceso de identificación dedotonado trabaja en reconocer fuerzas excepcionales y potencial en los estudiantes para que puedan proveerles la asistencia instrucional y las modificaciones apropiadas. Los estudiantes dotado trabajan en reconocer fuerzas excepcionales y potencial en los estudiantes para que puedan proveerles la asistencia instrucional y las modificaciones apropiadas. Los estudiantes dotados típicamente están a un nivel de dos o más años adelantados de su grado en al menos una área académica y demuestran características típicos de estudiantes dotados. También pueden demostrar niveles precoces de habilidades en una área fuerte y/o tener habilidades cognoscitivas superiores.

¿Cómo son notificados los padres si un estudiante califica o no?
Después de un plazo de observación, pruebas, y colección de datos, un equipo de maestros entrenados en DT se reunirá para revisar los datos. Después de la junta de revisión, ellos mandarán una carta a los padres dejándoles saber los resultados del proceso de identificación. Si los padres tienen preguntas sobre éste
¿Qué pasa cuando un estudiante es identificado como dotado/talentoso?
Cada estudiante identificado como dotado/talentoso tendrá un Plan de Aprendizaje Avanzado (ALP) diseñado en colaboración con el estudiante, los padres y maestros. Este plan resumirá cual programa se necesita para ayudarle al estudiante con su crecimiento continuo.
Dear Parent or Teacher,

Each year elementary and middle school teachers identify students with exceptional ability or performance who qualify for gifted/talented programming. These students are usually performing at least two years above grade level in their strength area(s), and perform at the 95% or above on tests of their reasoning power or academic skills. They demonstrate readiness for very advanced or accelerated learning opportunities and require additional academic challenges in order to support their continued educational growth and progress. For those students who qualify, teachers and staff are encouraged to develop a plan to meet their unique educational needs.

The identification process begins with an opportunity for parents and/or teachers to refer students for gifted/talented services. If you believe that your child/student demonstrates exceptional ability and may qualify for Gifted Education services, please pick up a nomination form from your school office and return it by______.

Once nominations are received, students are observed and evaluated over a period of time. Performance in classroom settings, CSAP data, standardized test scores and rating scales completed by parents and teachers are collected and reviewed. Parents are also asked to contribute information about their child’s learning strengths, interests, motivation and creativity. In some cases, students may take group tests of their ability or achievement or be invited to participate in advanced classes as part of the review process. Parents are notified by letter once this process is complete.

Questions may be addressed to your school gifted education resource teacher, or the district Gifted Education Coordinator, at 719-745-0500x108. Additional information is also available on the district website at www.moffatschools.org.

Thank you for taking time to read this information, and for your participation in this important process should you decide to nominate your child.

Gifted and Talented Education Office
Estimado Padre o Maestro,

Cada año los maestros de primaria y secundaria identifican a los estudiantes con habilidad excepcional cuales califican para la programación de dotados/talentosos. Estos estudiantes usualmente tienen habilidades especiales y están por lo menos dos años adelantados según el nivel de su grado en sus áreas más fuertes, y desempeñan la habilidad de sacar un 95% o mejor en sus exámenes de la habilidad de razonamiento o de habilidades académicos. Ellos demuestran estar listos para oportunidades de aprendizaje muy avanzado o acelerado y requieren retas académicas adicionales para poder apoyar su crecimiento y progreso continuo de educación. Apoyamos a los maestros y la facultad a desarrollar un plan para cumplir las necesidades educacionales que son únicas para los estudiantes que califican.

El proceso de identificación comienza con una oportunidad para padres y/o maestros de recomendar a estudiantes para los servicios de dotados/talentosos. Si usted cree que su estudiante demuestra habilidad excepcional y pueda calificar para los Servicios de Dotados, por favor recoja una aplicación de la oficina de su escuela y entréguela a más tardar el __________.

Cuando sean recibidas las nominaciones, los estudiantes son observados y evaluados por un plazo de tiempo. Son coleccionados y revisados los datos de habilidades del salón de clase, datos del CSAP, índices de exámenes estandarizadas y también los índices llenados por parte de los padres y maestros. También se le pide a los padres a contribuir información sobre las fuerzas de aprendizaje, los interés, y la motivación y creatividad de su hijo/a. En algunos casos, los estudiantes pueden tomar pruebes de sus habilidades o cumplimiento en grupos o pueden ser invitados a participar en clases avanzadas como parte del proceso de revisión. Se les notifica por correo a los padres una vez que éste proceso esté completo.


Gracias por tomar el tiempo para leer ésta información, y gracias por su participación en éste proceso importante si acaso decide nominar a su hijo.

Oficina de Educación de Dotados y Talento

Nomination Information
STUDENT NOMINATION FORM

Student Name: ________________________________

School: ________________________________

Grade Level: __________

___ I believe that ________________________________ is performing well above grade level or demonstrates exceptional strengths in the following areas. I would like his/her performance and achievement to be reviewed to determine eligibility for gifted education services.

Suspected Areas of Exceptional Ability (check all those that apply):

___ General Ability (critical and creative thinking, problem solving, learning aptitude)

___ Specific Talent Aptitude
    ___ Music
    ___ Visual Arts
    ___ Performing Arts
    ___ Psychomotor

___ Specific Academic Aptitude
    ___ Math
    ___ Reading
    ___ Writing
    ___ S. Studies
    ___ Science
    ___ World Languages

___ Creativity

___ Leadership

I feel this candidate should be nominated because of the following qualities:

___ (Parent and Teacher) I have completed the attached rating scale, if applicable.

___ I understand that group tests of ability or achievement may be administered to my child as part of the identification process.

_________________________  ____________________________
Nominator’s Signature         Date

Please mark appropriate box: □ Self          □ Peer          □ Parent          □ Staff

Please return nomination form to the student’s school office or gifted education teacher.

Thank-you.
FORMA DE NOMINACIÓN ESTUDIANTIL

Nombre del Estudiante: Escuela: ____________________________________________

Nivel de Grado: _________________________________________________________

______ Yo creo que ________________________________________________________ esté desempeñando habilidades supriores para su nivel de grado o demostrando fuerzas excepcionales en las siguientes áreas. Yo quisiera que sus habilidades sean revisadas y que se determine elegibilidad para los servicios de educación de dotados.

Áreas Sospechas de Habilidad Excepcional (marque todos los que apliquen):

______ Habilidad General (el pensar críticamente y creativamente, resolver problemas, aprendizaje, aptitud)

______ Música/Visual/Artes Escénicas (haga lista de cuales específicamente)

______ Creatividad

______ Liderazgo

______ Capacidad Académica Específica:

______ Lectura ______ Escritura ______ Matemáticas ________ Ciencia ________ Ciencias Sociales

______ Idiomas del Mundo

Yo pienso que éste/a candidato/a debe ser nominado/a por razón de las siguientes cualidades:

______ (Padre y Maestro) He llenado el índice acompañante, si es que se aplica.

______ Yo entiendo que se pueden administrar exámenes de habilidades en grupos a mi hijo/a como parte del proceso de identificación.

______________________________ __________________________
Firma del Nominador Fecha

Por favor indique el cuadro apropiado: □ Estudiante □ Compañero/a □ Padre □ Facultad

Por favor regrese la forma a la oficina escolar de su estudiante o al maestro de educación de dotados. Gracias.
Dispute Resolution Process

1. It is the intent of the Moffat 2 School District to resolve questions and concerns at the level in which they occurred. All questions and concerns regarding Gifted and Talented identification and services should be brought first to the Gifted and Talented teacher or counselor at your child's school. Students are encouraged to talk with the Gifted and Talented teacher or counselor to address any questions, issues, or concerns. The Gifted and Talented teacher will work with parents and students to resolve any questions, issues, or concerns by students or parents/guardians.

2. If the student and/or parents/guardians are not satisfied with the response by the Gifted and Talented teacher, they should then contact the building principal. Through collaboration with the student, parents/guardians, and teacher, the principal will resolve the questions, issues, or concerns.

3. If the student and/or parents/guardians are not satisfied with the resolution at the building level, they may contact the School District Gifted and Talented Administrator. The Gifted and Talented Administrator will work with all parties to seek a satisfactory resolution.

4. If the student and/or parents/guardians are not satisfied with the resolution by the Gifted and Talented Administrator they may appeal in writing to the director of Elementary Education or Secondary Education overseeing their child’s school. The appropriate director of education will review the process and evidence and respond in writing to the parent/guardian within 10 school days.

5. If the student and/or parents/guardians are not satisfied with the resolution from the director of education, they may appeal in writing to the Chief Academic Officer. The Chief Academic Officer will review the process and evidence and respond in writing within 10 school days of receiving the letter of appeal.

6. If the student or parents/guardians are not satisfied with the resolution from the Chief Academic Officer they may appeal in writing to the superintendent within 10 school days after receiving the deputy superintendent's response. The superintendent will review the process and evidence and respond in writing to the student and/or parents/guardians within 10 school days of receiving the letter of appeal. The superintendent's decision is final.